NATURAL THERAPEUTICS OF MEDICINE IN ISLAM

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I. INTRODUCTION

Medicine is both an art and a science. It encompasses prophylaxis or prevention, diagnosis, and finally treatment (both curative and palliative).

Preventive medicine is especially important and has been neglected as a major factor in health care. In fact, it is well documented but little known that most of the health gains (expressed as life expectancy, morbidity, and mortality) attributed to modern medicine are principally due to advancements in diet and sanitation, rather than to the more complex technologies. Preventive medicine as a natural measure of therapeutic stresses the involvement of the individual in his own health care. This is accomplished by educating the patient as to proper nutrition, hygiene and physical activities. Equally important are the psychologic and spiritual factors as these can greatly influence the disease.

Curative medicine is as important as the preventive one. In the process of healing, natural approaches have been used. The natural art of therapeutics is not a new approach in the field of medicine, rather it is as old as people have been the inhabitants of this planet. Man has done his best in protecting himself from diseases and in preventing himself from sickness.

Preventive and curative approaches have been used by man to keep himself healthy, happy and strong. Some of these so-called "primitive" measures have been shown to be scientifically sound and have thus been added to the "modern" therapeutic regimens. Some approaches were considered to be natural (e.g. herbs, natural foods, etc.) while others were oriented towards the use of drugs and synthetic remedies.

Anyone studying or practicing medicine realizes that he is at best providing some therapy to impede the disease process so that the body can take over and effect a cure with the mercy of Allah. In an Islamic sense, the health care practitioner must be viewed as an agent through which Allah acts. He must not delude himself into a position of exaggerated self-importance.

In this paper the authors wish to approach the subject of natural therapeutics in medicine vis-a-vis the Islamic approach of good and sound health. The paper will also include some aspects of the following types of natural therapeutics, diet as an approach to natural healing and colleges that deal with natural therapeutics. The paper does include some recommendations related to natural approaches in medicine for the Muslim world.

Such a paper is helpful to all those concerned about sound health of the individuals including those groups dealing with the allopathic and the natural medicine. This research is of great help to all those colleges teaching medicine and especially those colleges teaching natural therapeutics. It is a source of help to the physicians, patients, hospitals, grocery stores, health food stores and the like. This paper is of great assistance to the Third World, i.e., the emerging nations whose technological resources are meager, and whose health delivery approaches are more or less still oriented towards the natural therapeutic methods.

It is the hope of the authors that an eclectic approach be adopted by the Third World, i.e., to pick up the best of every discipline. It is hoped that the Third World nations will establish an INSTITUTE OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY which will catalog the entire spectrum of medical approaches including the "natural" methods. If the Third World nations establish such a health institute based on the natural approaches, they will undoubtedly help save...
themselves money, time, effort and the more expensive technology. This will lead to better healing and finally faster and better results.

II. ISLAMIC VIEWS ON THERAPEUTICS

Islam is a way of life to live, a system to be followed, a code of ethics and a constitution to be applied in the daily life of every person. As such, Islam has many constructive ideas to offer in the fields of health and medicine. In order to find out what Islam teaches, one has to read the Qur'an and the Hadith. Allah says in the Qur'an in Surah the poets (Ash-Shu'ara) about healing from disease:

وَاَنَا مَرَضْتُ فِي بَيْنِي وَشَفَنِئِي

الشعراء (٢١ : ٨٠)

"...and when I sicken, then He (Allah) heals me (26:80)."

As far as the prophet is concerned, related to the healing of diseases, it was reported by Jabir bin Abdullah that prophet Muhammad (pbuh) said:

"For any disease there is a cure, and when the cure matches the disease, the person recovers by the will of Allah..."

The prophet also said about the healing of diseases:

"Allah never inflicts a disease unless he makes a cure for it..."

As far as the treatment of diseases it was reported by Usamah bin Shareek saying:

"I was with the Prophet (pbuh) and Arabs came to him asking: 'O messenger of Allah: Do we take medicine for treatment?' He said: 'Yes, Oh you the servants of Allah, take medicine, as Allah Almighty has not created a disease without having created a cure for it except one disease.' They asked, 'What is it?' He said: 'Old age.' " In another saying: “Allah never inflicts a disease without providing a cure; only those who were aware of it knew it, whereas those who were not aware, were ignorant of it.”

As far as the preventive approach in health, Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) said:

"An ounce of prevention is better than a ton of treatment."

Hence, healing medicine is an art and a science. It is done through prevention (prophylaxis), diagnosis, treatment, and cure. In so doing, the individual may prolong his happy life and reduce the degree and the rate of occurrence of illness. Islam encompasses all these approaches so that a person may stay healthy, happy and strong.

III. LIMITATIONS OF DRUG THERAPY

Drug therapy has become the concern of many people. The reasons are obvious, among which are the following:

A. Most drug therapy must be closely monitored and carefully dosed. This does may have to be altered frequently due to the nature of the particular disease process or other concomitant ones the patient may have.

B. Even so, toxic effects may occur. Often one has to weigh the advantages of drug use against the side effects. The choice is not always clear.

C. Therapeutic drugs are usually much more expensive than preventative measures.

D. The choice whether or not to use drug prescriptions depends greatly on the disease process. Acute, life-threatening diseases usually require such intervention. However, for chronic, non-curable diseases (such as arthritis) the rationale for drug prescriptions is much more subjective. The psychologic makeup of the patient is likely to play a large role in the decision to use a drug.

IV. TYPES OF NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

Among the natural healing treatments are the following:

A. Preventive medicine
B. Dietetic approach
C. Folk medicine
D. Hakim’s medicine
Eating habits. The Qur'an states emphatically this idea:

\[ 	ext{كلوا وشربوا ولا تسرفوا انها لا يحب} \]

السرفين (7: 31)

"Eat and drink, but waste not by excess, for God loves not the prodigals." (7:31).

F. Regarding the idea of moderation through diet it is mentioned in Surah Taha whereby Allah says:

\[ 	ext{كلوا من طيبات ما رزقتما ولا تطغوا فيه} \]

(20:81)

"Eat of the good things we have provided for your sustenance, but commit no excess therein." (20:81)

G. Another approach that Islam demands from its followers is the idea of TOTAL ABSTINENCE of food and drinks for one whole month from dawn to sunset. The benefits of fasting have been tested and documented\(^\text{2,10,13-17}\), especially in biochemistry, physiology, clinical therapeutics, clinical nutrition, etc. It is beyond doubt that fasting helps the individual to get rid of most of the toxins in his body. At the same time fasting increases productivity and by its frugality curbs inflation. In this regard, it would be a good idea to point out here what Islam says in this regard. Allah says in the Qur'an in Surah Al-Baqarah (The Cow):

\[ 	ext{يا ابيها الذين آمنوا كتب عليكم الصيام} \]

(2: 183)

"O ye who believe! Fasting is prescribed for you as it was prescribed for those before you, that ye may learn self-restraint" i.e. to have Taqwa (2:183).

The Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) said:

\[ 	ext{صوموا تصبحوا} \]

"Fast (the month of Ramadan) so that to heal your bodies from diseases."

The word Taqwa has been explained in many aspects some of which are related to health and disease, food and dietetics, physical fitness, etc. Finally, it has been explained to mean: self-training, self-restraint, self-control, self-discipline, self-education and self-evaluation.

It should also be mentioned here that the personality, behavior, and performance of the individual is affected by the food eaten\(^*\) and, therefore, one has to select the best type of food for his good health. There is thus a linkage between physical and mental health. A proverb related to this subject has been narrated saying:
“A sound mind is a sound body and vice versa.”

It is difficult to reason well while one is physically sick. Similarly, mental illness may adversely affect various body functions (e.g., ulcer). The dual, complementary approach to mental and physical health is exemplified by Islamic views towards the nursing of infants. The advantages of breast feeding are numerous since the mother transfers many nutrients, hormones, and even antibodies through suckling. The particular amino acid composition of human milk may accelerate and even increase mental development in the infant. In addition, one must not forget how this close physical contact strengthens the emotional relationship between the mother and child. An Islamic view towards breast feeding is exemplified by the Qur’an saying: “The mothers shall give suck to their offspring for two whole years if the father desires to complete the term. But he shall bear the cost of their food and clothing on equitable terms. No soul shall have a burden laid on it greater than it can bear. No mother shall be treated unfairly on account of her child, nor father on account of his child. An heir shall be chargeable in the same way. If they both decide on weaning, by mutual consent, and after due consultation, there is no blame on them. If ye decide on a foster mother for your offspring, there is no blame on you, provided ye pay (the mother) what ye offered, on equitable terms. But fear God and know that God sees well what ye do.” (2:233)

VI. COLLEGES FOR NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

A. Definitions

1. Allopathy

“Substitutive therapy” auxotherapy, a therapeutic system in which disease is treated by producing a morbid reaction of another kind or in another part — a method of substitution.

2. Naturopathy

“A system of therapies in which neither surgical nor medical agents are used, dependence being placed only on natural forces.”

3. Naprapathy

a. “A system of therapeutic manipulation based on the theory that morbid symptoms are dependent upon strained or contracted ligaments in the spine, thorax, or pelvis.”

b. From Naprapathic Philosophy Notes, Theory and Principles: A system of specific manipulative therapies based on the theory of interference to nerves, blood vessels and lymph channels, by pathologic soft tissue such as connective tissue or muscles with consequent secondary pathology or dysfunction resulting therefrom.

4. Chiropractic

“A philosophic system of mechanical therapeutics that attribute disease to vertebral subluxations; it treats disease with manipulation of the vertebra in order to relieve pressure on the nerves at the intervertebral formation so that nerve force may flow freely from the brain to the rest of the body.”

5. Homeopathy

“A system of therapy developed by Samuel Hahnemann on the theory that large doses of certain drugs given to healthy persons will produce certain conditions which, when occurring spontaneously as symptoms of a disease, are relieved by the same drug in small doses.”

6. Osteopathy

“A school of medicine based upon the idea that the normal body when in “correct adjustment” is a vital machine capable of making its own remedies against infections and other toxic conditions. Practitioners use the diagnostic and therapeutic measures of ordinary medicine in addition to manipulative measures.”

7. Folk Medicine

“Treatment of ailments in the home by remedies and simple measures based upon experience and knowledge handed on from generation to generation.”

8. Acupuncture

“An ancient medical system of therapy using puncture by fine needles. Most recently, this has been used for anesthesia.”
9. Preventive Medicine

“The branch of medical science that treats by the prevention of disease.”21

10. Curative Medicine

A special type of medicine which is designed to the restoration of health — it means: “to heal, to make well, and is a special method or course of treatment.”21

11. Podiatry

Medical treatment, the specialty that includes the diagnosis and/or medical, surgical, mechanical, physical, and adjuntive treatment of the disease, injuries and defects of the human foot.21

12. Hakim

Hakim is an Arabic word. Literally, it means: a wise and a knowledgeable person. In practice it is meant a physician without a formal education or a degree. His knowledge is through personal tutoring as well as through inheritance. The “medicine” that a Hakim practices is composed of a combination of herbal medicine, homeopathy, naturopathy, chiropractic and others. This type of “medicine” is still practiced in most of the “Developing Nations”.

B. Types of Colleges

There are many colleges and institutes in North America dealing with natural healing. Among which are the following:

1. Naturopathic Medicine College
2. Chiropractic Colleges (eighteen colleges in North America).
3. Naprapathy College
4. Homeopathy College
5. Podiatry
6. College of Osteopathy Medicine

C. General Information

The General Information including the course of study for these colleges of natural therapeutics are found at the end of this article in the Appendices.

VII. RECOMMENDATIONS ON NATURAL FOODS

A. Natural Foods

There are four different types of vitamins sold as “natural.” These are:

1. An extract of food concentrated so that the vitamin is in higher quantity than the original food — examples: Heart muscle as a source of B vitamins, liver and yeast as sources of B vitamins, rose hips and edible organ meats as sources of vitamin C.

2. Highly concentrated crystals or purified vitamins altered somewhat, but extracted from foods — examples: Vitamin E acetate from vegetable oils, from B-12 as cobalamin concentrate.

3. Synthetic vitamins for which the starting materials are natural material — examples: Ascorbic acid from corn sugar, Vitamin A from citral, derived from lemon grass.

4. If a natural base such as yeast is included, the addition of synthetic vitamins may not prevent the product from being called “natural.” Many food supplements include ground up deposits of rock from the desert as sources of minerals and these are called “natural” minerals because they come from natural rock deposits.

B. Reading Labels

When reading labels, one has to be careful for the following:

1. Look for Dietary Balance
   a. Are the vitamins present in proportion to their individual recommended daily intakes?
   b. Do B-complex formulas include all the B-complex vitamins, and are they adjusted to recommended amounts?
   c. Are ingredients listed in amounts of active components?
   d. Are insignificant amounts of vitamins included for advertising purposes?
   e. How much “window dressing” is used?
   f. Are ingredients adjusted to “cost” rather than requirements?

2. Know your preferences for sources

3. Look for expiration dates

4. How well are they assimilated?

5. Know what you mean by “natural” — “organic”

a. All vitamins are organic molecules and fall into this chemical classification.

VIII. RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE MUSLIM WORLD

It is recommended that the Muslim World look into the concept, philosophy and benefits of the natural and practical implications. It is also recommended that the ministries of public health in cooperation with the ministries of higher education should establish colleges of natural healing arts. Such colleges should include all types of natural healing including the old Arab Hakim, folk medicine, homeopathy, naturopathy, chiropractic, naprapathy and the like. It is recommended that they take into consideration an eclectic approach as well as the needs of the Muslims everywhere; urban and rural areas. Since most of the people in the Muslim World are inclined to a natural approach of healing, such a project could be very successful, very beneficial, less expensive and much safer to the lives of the individuals.
IX. OATH OF A MUSLIM PHYSICIAN

For the first time in the history of America, a professional group such as the Islamic Medical Association of the USA and Canada (IMA) adopted a professional oath in 1977. This oath is known as “The Oath of a Muslim Physician”. This oath has been adopted in English and Arabic languages and is used yearly by the members of the IMA in their annual conventions. The following is the oath in the English language:

“Praise be to Allah (God), the Teacher, the Unique, Majesty of the heavens, the exalted, the glorious. Glory be to Him, the Eternal Being who created the Universe and all the creatures within, and the only Being who containeth the infinity and the eternity. We serve no other god besides Thee and our most precious creation.

We adopt the only Being who containeth the infinity and the eternity. Glory be to the Teacher, the Unique, Majesty of the heavens, the exalted. The Following is the Arabic version of the same oath:

The following is the Arabic version of the same oath:

The following include colleges for natural therapeutics. Some major information about them as well as the courses offered by those colleges. These appendices are important in evaluating the effectiveness of these colleges in training practitioners to handle patients.

APPENDIX ONE: CHIROPRACTIC MEDICINE

Chiropactic medicine gives particular attention to the relationship of the structural and neurological aspects of the body in health and disease. Its therapeutics utilize adjustive and manipulative procedures, physiological therapeutics, dietary correction and supplementation, kinesiology and rehabilitative procedures, and other drugless procedures to aid in restoration of anatomical relationships and physiologic capabilities.
The study of chiropractic medicine requires four and a half years and includes study of both the basic sciences (anatomy, embryology, chemistry, biochemistry, microbiology, psychology, and pathology) as well as clinical medicine, chiropractic manipulation, radiology, nutrition, and acupuncture and direct, supervised clinical experience.

**APPENDIX TWO: NATUROPATHIC MEDICINE**

Naturopathic medicine is a distinct system of healing—a philosophy, science, art, and practice which seeks to promote health through education and the rational use of natural agents. As a separate profession, naturopathic medicine incorporates all natural methods of healing, including such things as botanical medicines, homeopathy, nutritional therapy, medical electricity, psychology, and manipulative therapies.

The human body possesses tremendous power to heal itself through mechanisms of homeostasis—restoring balance in structure and function and adapting to environmental changes. The naturopathic physician uses those therapeutic substances and techniques which act in harmony with the body’s self-healing processes and avoids treatments which are designed to counteract or supervise them. Ideally, naturopathic methods are applied as a means of stimulating and enhancing this “healing power of nature.”

The study of naturopathy requires four years. The first two years emphasize basic medical sciences and include courses in biochemistry, microbiology, pathology, anatomy (gross and microscopic), physiology, immunology, public health, first aid and emergency medicine, and physical diagnosis. The last two years concentrate on clinical practice and include courses in clinical diagnosis, radiology, pharmacology, psychology, physiotherapy, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, nutrition, biomechanics, manipulative therapy, acupuncture, orthopedics, urology, and dermatology. In addition, clinical externships give direct experience in the practice of this branch of medicine.

**APPENDIX THREE: NAPRAPATHY**

Naprapathy is a system of manually applied movements, both passive and active, designed to bring motion, with consequent release of tension, into abnormally tensed and rigid ligaments, muscles and articulations of the human body. These tissues and structures are normally moveable, flexible and resilient.

Naprapathy contends that a favorable internal environment is essential for growth, development and maintenance of all normal health. Naprapathy’s procedures assist the body to maintain this favorable internal environment by releasing points of tension and by the use of rational dietary and hygienic measures.

The study of naprapathy requires three years after two years of undergraduate study. Course work includes anatomy, genetics, chemistry and biochemistry, microbiology, nutrition, physiology, pathology, kinesiology, and botanical studies, and naprapathic physiology and practice. The third year concentrates mainly on clinical practice.

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